

CLASS-X

SUBJECT : SOCIAL SCIENCE

Time : 3 Hrs.

M.M.: 90

General Instructions :

1. The question paper has 30 questions in all. All questions are compulsory.
2. Marks are indicated against each question.
3. Questions from serial number 1 to 9 are Multiple Choice questions. Each question carries one mark.
4. Questions from serial number 10 to 21 are 3 marks questions. Answer of these questions should not exceed 80 words each.
5. Questions from serial number 22 to 29 are 5 marks questions. Answer of these questions should not exceed 100 words each.
6. Question number 30 is a map question of 5 marks from History and Geography both. After completion, attach the map inside your answer book.

Q1. The objective of Swadeshi Movement was : (1)

- (a) to boycott the foreign goods
- (b) allowing grazing of cattles in reserved forests
- (c) abolishing salt tax
- (d) abolishing chaukidari taxes

Q2. What did the Napoleonic code 1804 spell out? (1)

- (a) Equality before the law
- (b) Right to property
- (c) Wiping out all the privileges by birth
- (d) All the above

Q3. Which one amongst the following is the highest quality hard coal? (1)

- | | |
|----------------|----------------|
| (a) Lignite | (b) Bituminous |
| (c) Anthracite | (d) Peat |

Q4. Most of the time democracy evolves through _____. (1)

- | | |
|---------------|-----------------------|
| (a) Consensus | (b) Popular struggles |
| (c) Violently | (d) Strikes |

- Q5. Most of the established democracies face the challenge of expansion which involves : (1)
- bringing down the existing democratic regime
 - ensuring greater power to local Governments
 - keeping all the units of the federation under centre's control
 - bringing down the control of the rich and the powerful people in making governmental decisions
- Q6. What is the most distinctive feature of democracy? (1)
- Expectations of the people from it are never over
 - Expectations from it are over after a certain period
 - It never fulfils people's demands
 - It always fulfils people's demands
- Q7. Which one of the following banks is called the 'bank of the banks'? (1)
- SBI
 - UBI
 - RBI
 - PNB
- Q8. Globalisation does not involve which one of the following? (1)
- Rapid integration between countries
 - More goods and services moving between the countries
 - Increased tax on import
 - Movement of people between countries for job, educations etc.
- Q9. The amount of compensation under consumer's act depends upon : (1)
- Type of products purchased
 - Amount of money involved in purchase
 - Degree of damage
 - Educational qualification of consumer
- Q10. Explain in brief the 'Dandi March'. (3)
- Q11. Describe the Jallianwala Bagh incident of 1919. (3)
- Q12. Briefly describe the process of German unification. (3)
- Q13. Highlight any three problems of road transport in India. (3)
- Q14. 'Mica is an indispensable mineral in the electronic industry'. Evaluate. (3)
- Q15. Name the gas pipeline which is known as the artery of Indian gas transportation? Mention the two key users of natural gas. (3)

- Q16. Describe any three functions of political parties. (3)
- Q17. Why is democracy considered a better form of Government? State any three reasons. (3)
- Q18. Explain briefly foundational challenge of making the transition to democracy. (3)
- Q19. 'Self Help Groups as the building blocks of organization of the rural poor help in the promotion of certain essential values.' Explain. (3)
- Q20. How does consumer's exploitation happen in the market? Explain. (3)
- Q21. Explain any three possible reasons that people might apply for loans in rural areas? (3)
- Q22. Explain the attitude of the Indian merchants and the industrialists towards the Civil disobedience Movement. (5)
- Q23. Describe the background and execution of the process of Italian unification. (5)
- Q24. Name a ferrous mineral which is the backbone of industrial development. Name its two types and distinguish between them. (1+4=5)
- Q25. Define Geothermal energy. How does this energy exist? (5)
- Q26. Why did the Nepalese people start a movement against king Gyanendra in April 2006? (5)
- Q27. (a) Why does democracy lead to delays in decision making? Explain.
(b) What are the challenges faced by democracy in respect to free and fair elections in India? (1+4=5)
- Q28. Trace the growth of consumer organizations in India. (5)
- Q29. What is meant by the term MNC's? Describe any four factors that are required to set up MNC's? (5)

Q30. (a) Two items (A) and (B) are shown in the given political outline map of India. Identify these items with the help of following information and write their correct names on the lines marked on the map : (5)

(A) The place known for mica mines

(B) The place where Congress Session was held in December 1920

(b) On the same political outline map of India, locate and label the following items with appropriate symbols :

(C) Coimbatore : Known for Cotton Textiles

(D) Tuticorin : A major sea port

(E) Chauri-Chaura : Associated with Non-cooperation movement

